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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/658,116	09/08/2003	John P. Willis	VALT-004-102	9687		
75436 MORSE, BAR	7590 04/08/200 NES-BROWN & PEN	EXAM	EXAMINER			
ATTN: IP MA	NAGER	STIGELL, T	STIGELL, THEODORE J			
RESERVOIR 1601 TRAPEI	PLACE O ROAD, SUITE 205	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER			
WALTHAM,	MA 02451	3763				
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE		
			04/08/2009	PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary

Application No.	Applicant(s)			
10/658,116	WILLIS ET AL.			
Examiner	Art Unit			
THEODORE J. STIGELL	3763			

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

eamed	patent	tenn s	acjustmen	t. See 3	/ CFR	1.704(0).

Period fo	or Reply						
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MALLING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. The state of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CPR 1.138(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filled SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. The state of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CPR 1.138(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filled SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. The state of						
Status							
1)🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 23 March 2009.						
2a)□	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
4)🖂	Claim(s) 1 and 27-35 is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
	Claim(s) 1 and 27-35 is/are rejected.						
	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Applicat	ion Papers						
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).						
a)	☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:						
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* 8	See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachmen							
1) Notic	te of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)						

- 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/Sb/08)
- 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application. 6) Other: ____

Paper No(s)/Mail Date 4/3/2009.

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 3/23/2009 has been entered.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 29-32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Pike (4,031,889). Pike discloses an injection device comprising at least a first (25), second (26), third (20) and fourth housings (32), wherein the third housing has a syringe adaptor having an outer vent sleeve (23), a movable piston (61, 94) having an end and at least one relief hole (96), a fixed sleeve (78) adjacent the movable piston and having a groove with a hole (43, 44), a drive piston (73) adjacent the end of the movable piston and having at least one groove, and a sealing device (o-ring, not numbered) within the groove of the drive piston, wherein the first housing is demountably attached to the

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second housing, wherein the second housing is demountably attached to the third housing, wherein the third housing is demountably attached to the fourth housing.

Claims 1, 27-32, and 35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by McKinnon et al. (5,064,413).

In regard to claims 1 and 27-28, McKinnon discloses a needle-less injection device comprising a housing (22) having a proximal end and a distal end, the housing having a distal opening (at least 148), a propellant (28) disposed inside the housing and spaced from the distal end, a piston (90) having a first cavity (112) disposed inside the housing between the distal end and the propellant, and a hollow sleeve (92) configured to mate with the piston, the sleeve having a second cavity, wherein a gas generated by the propellant travels from the interior of the housing to the exterior of the injection device through the first cavity and the second cavity but without passing through the distal opening of the housing by way of vent (122), wherein the hollow sleeve has a surface with at least one hole (104), wherein the piston has at least one hole (opening of either side of 122) and a surface adjacent the surface of the sleeve.

In regard to claims 29-32 and 35, McKinnon discloses an injection device comprising at least a first (24), second (30), third (22) and fourth housings (110), wherein the third housing has a syringe adaptor having an outer vent sleeve (122), a movable piston (90) having an end and at least one relief hole (112), a fixed sleeve (46) adjacent the movable piston and having a groove with a hole (44), a drive piston (124) adjacent the end of the movable piston and having at least one groove, and a sealing device (126) within the groove of the drive piston, wherein the first housing is

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demountably attached to the second housing, wherein the second housing is demountably attached to the third housing, wherein the third housing is demountably attached to the fourth housing, and further wherein the fourth housing includes a syringe.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in *Graham* v. *John Deere Co.*, 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.

Claims 33-34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over McKinnon et al. (5,064,413) in view of Haber et al. (5,304,128). McKinnon discloses an injection device that includes all of the limitations recited in the independent claim but fails to teach the gas generant means recited in claims 33 and 34. Haber discloses an injection device which includes the recited gas generant means. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the device

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of McKinnon with the gas generant means of Haber as such a means is known to be an equivalent das generating means in the art.

Double Patenting

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., In re Berg, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); In re Goodman, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); In re Longi, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); In re Van Omum, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); In re Vogel, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and In re Thorington, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1 and 27-35 are rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-23 of U.S. Patent No. 6,616,627. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the minor structural differences in the claim sets do not pass the threshold for patentability.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1 and 27-35 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to THEODORE J. STIGELL whose telephone number is (571)272-8759. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Nicholas Lucchesi can be reached on 571-272-4977. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/Theodore J Stigell/ Examiner, Art Unit 3763

/Nicholas D Lucchesi/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 3763